

: An undergraduate program that terminates in the awarding of a post-baccalaureate degree or the simultaneous awarding of a baccalaureate and post-baccalaureate degree.

: A period of time which conforms to a commonly



: A degree which requires the completion of a minimum of 60 semester or 90 quarter hours beyond a baccalaureate degree.

: The limited period immediately following the regular registration period which the postsecondary institution allows students to discontinue a specific course(s) and/or to enroll in an additional course(s).

: The enrollment of a secondary student in a postsecondary course creditable toward a postsecondary certificate, diploma, associate or baccalaureate degree, and simultaneously, toward a high school diploma.

: A form of dual enrollment in which eligible secondary students apply for college admissions prior to the receipt of a high school diploma and enroll full-time in a postsecondary institution in courses that are creditable toward the high school diploma and the associate or baccalaureate degree.

: The number of semester, quarter or clock hours awarded to a student upon successful completion of an academic term of study and accepted by a postsecondary institution as the satisfactory completion of hours attempted.

: A public or private postsecondary institution that meets statutory requirements for participation in the specified state student financial assistance programs.

: A student who meets all academic criteria to receive funding from a particular financial aid program, but may not necessarily be disbursed.

: A degree or postsecondary vocational or technical program of study authorized by a state student financial aid program statute.

: Registered for credit instruction.

: The amount of funds derived from the federal need analysis form (FAFSA) that a family is expected to contribute to the student's cost of attendance at a postsecondary institution.

: Academic year funding period of July 1 through June 30.

: The amount of funds derived after deducting an individual's Expected Family Contribution from the institutional cost of education.

: A form used by an applicant to apply for federally funded student aid programs and some state student financial aid programs. The FAFSA requests demographic, financial, and other information about an applicant and the applicant's spouse or parent(s).

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x For undergraduate degree

: Payments toward education loan balances for an eligible applicant who has completed employment service in specified areas and within a specified time frame.

: A degree which requires the completion of no fewer than 24 semester or 36 quarter hours above the baccalaureate degree.

: Any individual belonging to one of the following race/ethnic categories: Black or African-American; Hispanic/Latino; Asian; Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander; American Indian or Alaska Native.

: The amount of funds derived after deducting an individual's expected family contribution (EFC) from the institutional cost of attendance.

: An expected family contribution which is above the maximum amount established by OSFA for eligibility to receive a need-based award.

: See Academic Term.

: Otherwise Eligible students are applicants who meet all criteria to receive FSAG or FGGM awards, but were not awarded due to lack of funds.

high : An institution providing educational training opportunities beyond the

: The legal status which a person acquires as the result of establishment of a domicile with the intent to permanently remain in that domicile other than for temporary absences.